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News From the Flock, Vol. 2017 Issue 2

Sperry-Galligar Audubon Society

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NEWS FROM THE FLOCK...

Newsletter of the Sperry-Galligar Audubon Society

Sperry-Galligar

Audubon Chapter

Officers 2015 - 2017

President:

Wayne Bockelman

Vice President:

Megan Corrigan

Secretary

Barb Robins

Treasurer

Liz Mangle

Newsletter Editor

Cindy Ford

cford@gus.pittstate.edu

Feb 23 - "Prairie Restoration at Carver Prairie" by lerod Huebner - BS, Wildlife Sciences, University Missouri - Director of Prairie Management for the Missouri Prairie Foundation. He will also discuss various prairies in western Missouri and conservation efforts used to preserve them.

To receive an e-newsletter: send your e-mail address to Cindy Ford, Editor

February 2017

ISSUE 2 VOLUME 2017

Audubon Climate Watch Program Initiated in Area

Audubon's Climate Watch is a new crowdsourced science program that explores how North American birds are responding to climate change. In 2014, Audubon released the Audubon Birds and Climate Change report highlighting the risks that climate change poses to birds across North America. The report warns that "314 North American bird species could lose more than half of their current ranges by 2080

due to rising temperatures."

In response to this report, thousands of people asked how they could help make the world a better place for birds. National Audubon developed the Climate Watch pilot program first conducted in 2016 and expanded it in 2017 to include other Audubon

centers and chapters. Wildcar Glades Conservation & Audubon Center Education Director, Chris Pistole, coordinated the combined effort. across two chapter territories in southeast Kansas and southwest Missouri. Nineteen individuals, including mainly Ozark Gateway (OGAS) and Sperry-Galligar Audubon Society (SGAS) chapter members, participated between lanuary 15th and 30th

The program includes conducting 12 stationary point counts in each of ten 10x10 km square areas by counting birds within 100 m. of each point for exactly five minutes. The intent is to visit the same 12 count points between |an 15th and 30th each year to assess long-term changes

in their population on their winter range. There will be another count conducted in the same squares, but not necessarily the exact same 12 points, between June 1" and 15th to assess longterm changes in population on their summer

The pilot phase of the project is focusing on two groups of birds nationwide, bluebirds and nuthatches, but will eventually expand to include

> other groups. These groups were chosen because they are easy to identify, there is a great interest in them among the public, and the computer models have strong predictions for shifts in their ranges due to climate change. While conducting our point counts participants

not only count bluebirds, but all other species

that they can positively identify.

The results are sent in through individual's eBird accounts with the Cornell Lab of Ornithology, and a copy is sent to the Climate Watch team at National Audubon. As National Audubon gathers data from participants, they expect to refine the procedures. The results should help scientists determine whether their computer models predicting range shifts in birds due to climate change are accurate. This may help guide future efforts everywhere at protecting birds and their habitats in the face of a Chris Pistole changing climate.



Sperry-Galligar Members Participate in National Audubon Climate Watch Pilot.

The first count was completed during January 15-30. 2017. This will be repeated in June of 2017 and then in January and June in follow-

ing years. Specific squares were designated by National Audubon and sent to participating chapters. Sperry Gallagher members that participated were Megan Corrigan. Wayne Bockleman, Liz Mangile and Mavis Benner. Liz and Mavis reported on the day they did their count it

was a little windy, temperature started about 29 degrees. and they had a total of 18 species including a whitebreasted nuthatch and six (6) eastern bluebirds. They are looking forward to the repeat count in June.

Mavis Benner

Board Meeting Highlights Barb Robins, Secretary

Attending: Mavis Benner, Wayne Bockelman, Christine Brodsky, Megan Corrigan, Cindy & Steve Ford, Delia Lisser, Bob & Liz Mangile, Diane McCallum, Barb Robins, Emmett & Ruth Sullivan.

Call To Order (Wayne): 6:00 p.m.

Minutes for 12-1-16 were read and approved.

Treasurer's Report (Liz): Checking account balance of

Birdseed Sale: This year's proceeds were very close to last year's. Bob requested that the next sale be moved to the second Saturday in December, and to close the sale at 4:00 instead of 5:00. We would keep the meeting date on the first Thursday on December. Approved.

Tonight's Meeting will be "Black Snakes and Nesting Birds" by Dr. Andrew George. Megan is working on the rest of the year, and we can look forward to praine restoration and connecting kids to nature.

Publicity: Repeatedly announced on KRPS; posters were displayed in the usual places; and the Morning Sun printed Wayne's notice unedited except for the headline.

PSU's calendar included it, with a picture of nestlings.

Newsletter: Again, congratulations to Cindy, especially for a timely issue in spite of the holidays.

Refreshments tonight are by Delia Lister and Cindy Ford.

We still need a volunteer for April.

CBC: Steve will give a report at the general meeting. 16 people participated, 60 species were spotted, including a Vesper Searrow.

Field Trips: The Stella Eagle Festival will occur this Saturday.

Author George Frazier will speak on his book. The Last Wild Places of Konsas at the public library Sunday, January 29. Delia will do her raptor programon February 18, 11:00, at Wildcat Glades.

The Climate Watch Pilot Program, sponsored by National Audubon for the first time, will attempt to document movements of bluebirds and other species with the assistance of

Ozark Glades Audubon chapter.

The count will occur again in June.

The Facebook page has been updated by Mavis.

Meeting ended at 6:50 p.m.

Financial Statement Liz Mangile, Treasurer February 2017

Beginning balance		\$7025.60
Credits		
Local & National Dues & Ant molt\$	38.00	
Total	5	38.00
Debits		
Newsletter	5.14	
National Dues\$	20.00	
Total	S	25.14
Ending balance	someone e	\$7038.46

January Presenter: Dr. Andrew George

Ever since humans became aware of and interested in nature, they have raised questions about the whys and wherefores of the behavior of living things in the world around them. Attempts to answer these questions have evolved into systematic research by individuals and academic institutions all over the world.



Tonight we were fortunate to hear Dr. Andrew George, Assistant Professor of Biology at PSU, describe his method in his presentation, "Black Snakes and Nesting Birds: How Studying Snakes Can Inform Bird Conservation." Dr.George is in the process of gathering research and reaching results concerning the questions raised about neotropical migrants and reasons for their decline.

Among the questions occurring in this process include, Why are we worried about these small birds? Why are ornithologists studying snakes? What roles do habitats play? Is there a strong relationship between nest predation and forest cover? Who are the predators? Can understanding snake behavior inform bird conservation?

Dr. George described his methods for gathering data to provide answers. His study species was the black snake. His research team trapped the snakes in April, when they're active, and took them to the lab to implant radio transmitters inside their bodies, and marked their scales as identifiers. After they were released in the field, their radio signals were picked up with a receiver, and locations were mapped. Bird nests were also being monitored.

What is being learned by these activities? Dr. George's team discovered that males moved around early in the season and came back to the same places. Weather affects nest predation rates; they are higher in warmed weather and also increase with edge density.

Dr. George's study is being funded by the U.S. Forest Service and an MU Conservation Biology fellowship. After all the hard work has been done, it will be fascinating to have answers to yet another faces of discovering Nature's secrets.

Barb Robins

HIGHLIGHTS OF GENERAL MEETING

Raptor program at Wildcat Glades on Saturday, February 18, at 11:00, The Wings 'n Wedands Festival, Great Bend, April 28-29. Cheyenne Bottoms and Quivira.

The Great Backyard Bird Count, February 17-20. Find information at birdcount.org. Barb Robins

OF THE MONTH

By Emmett Sullivan

Note: Already spotted on Feb. 10 by

Steve Ford. Is spring early?



NEW AUDUBON BIRD ID APP FOR YOUR DEVICE

National Audubon has recently decided to make its birding app available for free. If you have a smart phone or a tablet and are interested in birding. I think you would love this app. It is like the best birding book you are likely to own, but it fits in your pocket. It has pictures and descriptions of probably all the birds you have ever seen. It has range maps to show you whether a bird is likely to be seen in your area. And, it has songs and calls you can listen to - try

finding a bird book that includes audio!

OK, so just what is an app? App is short for computer opplication, a program that runs on your smart phone or tablet. Yes, your phone is a computer. Your smart phone can be either an iPhone from Apple or an Android phone (any other brand). Your tablet can be either an iPad or an Android tablet. Each of the icons you see on the screen of your phone or tablet is an app. If the information in this paragraph is new to you, you likely have a child, grandchild, or friend who can help you download this app - more on that

This is what the app includes: Over 800 species of birds are described - that covers any bird you are likely to see in North America and many that you are not. A number of birds are included as occasional visitors. There is even an entry for the Ivory-billed

Woodpecker.

For each species there are multiple photographs: often male and female, adult and immature, perhaps another image for breeding season. Swipe to the left with a finger to bring up new images. Usually one of the images has an icon of a bird with arrows. Touch the icon to flip the image over and show the same image with field markings. Like Roger Tory Peterson's Field Guides, this image labels the field markings that distinguish this species from others that are similar.

Each bird has a long page of text description. It includes habitat, diet, behavior, and more. A map of North America shows the range of the species: winter and summer, during breeding season, where it is

common or rare.

My favorite part is the "voice" page. So often a bird is heard before it is seen. For most species, multiple songs and calls are included. Finally, I can listen to the "scold" of the Carolina Wren that I hear in the backyard treetops. It is one of eleven "voices" included for the bird. And there are five different examples of "songs"- not all of which sound like tea-kettle, teakettle, teo-kettle, tea.

This is what the app does: You can treat the app like your favorite bird book by browsing through a list of 800 birds — of course you'll have to master the finger swipe to replace the turning of a page. But browsing through 800 alphabetized bird names is not the most efficient way to find what you're looking for.

The real convenience comes in treating the app not like a book, but like an app. Type in the word "sparrow" to bring up thirty-six, thumbnail-sized images. Just a finger-touch away are descriptions, multiple images, range maps, and songs for each of

the thirty-six sparrows. Once you've found a bird that is close to the one you're looking for, there is a more powerful search. Touch the "similar" icon to bring up a group of birds that are the ones most likely confused with your first guess. More information for each

of them is only a finger-touch away.

Rather than typing in my guess, I like using the "Advanced Search". There I select a place and time, e.g. Kansas in February, and touch the arrow-shaped search button. The app has a database of all birds that are likely to be found in each state (or Canadian province) for any given month of the year. Kansas in February has 164 species. Touch the "common" heading to limit the search to the 77 birds you are most likely to see. To further limit the search more attributes can be added. Checking "hawk-like birds" under "shape" gives six results - one of them is probably the raptor I'm looking for. Other attributes that can be searched include size, color, wing-shape

The app includes many more features. Most of them can be discovered with a little exploration, Figuring out how to use them is often easier than read-

ing a description of them.

The app is called Audobon Birds. It is available at the Apple App Store for iPhones and iPads. For Android phones or tablets go to Google's Play Store. There should be an app on your device called either App Store or Play Store. You must have an account at the Store in order to download apps, Accounts at either Store are free, though Apple requires a credit. card to establish an account. Once downloaded Audubon will also ask for your email address and

send you occasional announcements.

The app is a large and must be downloaded in two steps. You should have a strong Wi-Fi connection. Search for Audubon Birds at your app Store, download the app and install it on your device. The first time the app is run it will tell you you need to download data - that's the bird pictures, maps, calls, and such, It is the data that is the big download. The app is 30 MB; the data is about 400 MB. You can choose to download only the eastern birds to save about 100 MB — birds found in the Rocky Mountains and westward will be excluded. If the data download is interrupted before it is complete, you will have to start all over. That means uninstalling the app itself and beginning fresh. I was unable to successfully download such a large file using the Wi-Fi at the Pittsburg Public Library. Wi-Fi at PSU's Axe library. worked fine. Non-students need to apply for a temporary account — a fibrarian can help.

Downloading the large app is worth the trouble. I love seeing the beautiful bird photographs on my tablet. Even more perhaps, I like carrying with me a wonderful Audubon bird book in my pocket on my cell phone wherever I go. I downloaded two copies of the app. Did I say it was free!

Wayne Bockelman

Sightings.....



Examples of Graphics from Audubon Bird ID App





Send your newsletter articles, bird sightings, and nature notes to C. Ford by March 10.

Application for Membership Sperry-Galligar Audubon Society

For first-time National Audubon membership, send \$20.00 and become a member of both organizations, receive 6 copies of Audubon Magazine annually and 8 copies of Sperry-Galligar Newsletter. <u>Hease make your check for Sperry-Galligar</u> Audubon.

_____YES I wish to become a FIRST-TIME member of National Audubon and Sperry-Golligar Audubon. (\$20.00).

For only local or renewal membership, send \$15.00 for membership of Sperry-Galligar Audubon and receive the 8 newsletters per year informing you of all our local activities. Please make your check to: Sperry-Galligar Audubon

YES I wish to become a RENEWING member of the local chapter (\$15.00).

Future National Audubon renewals: Send Audubon mailer forms directly to National.

Mail to:

Sperry-Galligar Audubon Society 816 E. Atkinson Ave Pittsburg, Kansas 66762



Please Print

Name		
Address		
City		
Phone		

Events & Miscellany



NEW BOOK: THE LAST WILD PLACES OF KANSAS

Approximately 30 people, including several Sporry-Galligar Audubon members, recognised Kansas Day on January 27 by going to the Pittsburg Public Library for a talk by George Frantier about his book. The Last Wild Places of Kansas, published by University Press of Kansas. There were attended from as far away as Wakarusa and Springfield. The audience answered Kansas trivia questions before the talk began.

George Frazier is a software architect in California who lives in Kansas. He had written about various wild places in other parts of the country, but discovered that he had an interest in "writing about my home state" and set out to find the little-known wild places in Kansas. Unfortunately, 98% of the land in Kansas is privately towned, the highest percentage of any state in the U.S., so access its corretines limited to these places. Because of this, most Kansans are unaware of the natural areas in their own state.

George pointed our that Kansas has played a significant role in the environmental hospity of the United States and offers wight prairies, rid-growth forests, large wedantle and many mammals making a cometack after enadication in the state. However, over 50% of Kansam live in suburition counties, so many of them have never ventured into the widerness.

George defines a wild place as "somewhere that nature collides with folklore," a place of biodiversity, with ornisual and/or endangered wildlife and icons: landmarks. His book is an attempt to document the many wild places in the scatt of Kansas. He focused mainly on south-central and existent Kansas, and he excluded the more well-known places such as Quriera. Cheyerne Bostoms and the Filins Hills.

He discassed several wild places, including Baldwin Woods. Cross Timbers, Fort Lossesworth Military Reservation and Cimeron National Grandard. He also showed photos of several locations, as well as river otters. George's talk was assisted and informative, so it was well-received by all. Alterwards, he asswered questions and stayed to autograph copies of his book.

Review by Diane McCallum

Sperry-Galligar Audubon Society
Newsletter
816 Atkinson Ave.
Pittsburg, KS 66762
Meetings are held the last Thursday of the month. No meetings in June July, or August.
(Nov/Dec meeting date to be announced.)
7:00 pm to 9 pm, in Room 102, Yates Hall.
PSU Campus, Pittsburg, KS.
Refreshments served. Guests welcome.





Visit our website:

http://sperry-galligar.com/

Attention All Members Pay membership dues in September. Please consider paying local membership dues. Our chapter receives 100% of the local dues only. HOWEVER, you can subscribe to both. Either way you get the newsletter.